



SAFETY DATA SHEET

WPC-05

RADCON105/CALIFORNIA CEDAR

4/21/2026

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product Identifier

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1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

A protective and/or decorative finish or accompanying product (reference label or product data sheet for more information). Not recommended for any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GEMINI COATINGS INC. (WEST BLDG)
2300 SW HOLLOWAY ST
El Reno, OK 730365773 US
(800) 262-5710
www.gemini-coatings.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 USA Only
352-323-3500 International (Outside of USA)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Tox. 3; Carc. 1; Flam. Liq. 4; Muta. 1; Repr. 1; STOT RE 1; STOT SE 1

2.2 Label elements



Toxic

Health Hazard

Danger

H227-Combustible liquid.
H331-Toxic if inhaled.
H340-May cause genetic defects.
H350-May cause cancer.
H360-May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H370-Causes damage to organs.
H372-Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Prevention

- P201-Obtain special instructions before use.
- P210-Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260-Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P261-Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P264-Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270-Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280-Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

- P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P308+P311-IF exposed or concerned
- P314-Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P321-Specific treatment (see First Aid section on this label)
- P370+P378-In case of fire: Use the National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher for extinction.

Storage

- P403+P233-Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405-Store locked up.

Disposal

- P501-Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

2.4 Unknown Acute Toxicity (US)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

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3.2 Mixtures

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percentage	Classification
C.I. Pigment Yellow 42	51274-00-1	5% - 10%	
Hydrocarbon waxes, petroleum,	64742-42-3	5% - 10%	Aquatic Chronic 4
PROPRIETARY	PROPRIETARY	30% - 60%	
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	1% - 5%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Carc. 2 Eye Corr. 1 Resp. Sens. 1A Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreat	64742-48-9	1% - 5%	Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Flam. Liq. 3 Muta. 1B STOT RE 2 STOT SE 2
Petroleum distillates, hydrotr	64742-47-8	10% - 30%	Aquatic Acute 2 Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Flam. Liq. 4
Limonite	1317-63-1	0.5% - 1.5%	
Carbendazim	10605-21-7	0.1% - 1%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Muta. 1B Repr. 1B Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 2
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme	34590-94-8	0.1% - 1%	Eye Irrit. 2B Flam. Liq. 4 STOT SE 3
2-Butanone, oxime	96-29-7	0.1% - 1%	Aquatic Acute 3 Aquatic Chronic 3 Carc. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Corr. 1 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Sens. 1 STOT
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6	0.1% - 1%	STOT RE 1 STOT SE 1
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	0.1% - 1%	Aquatic Acute 3 Aquatic Chronic 3 STOT RE 1
Carbonic acid, magnesium salt	546-93-0	0.1% - 1%	
3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbama	55406-53-6	0.1% - 1%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Corr. 1 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 1 STOT SE 1
Umber	12713-03-0	0.1% - 1%	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	1309-37-1	0.1% - 1%	STOT RE 1 STOT SE 1
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1% - 1%	Carc. 2 Self-heat. 1 STOT RE 1
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1	471-34-1	0.1% - 1%	
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobal	136-52-7	Less than 0.1%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Carc. 1B Eye Irrit. 2A Repr. 1B Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Less than 0.1%	Aquatic Acute 2 Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1B STOT RE 1 STOT SE
Calcium 2-ethylhexanoate	136-51-6	Less than 0.1%	Eye Corr. 1 Repr. 2
Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, rea	68611-44-9	Less than 0.1%	STOT RE 2
Quartz	14808-60-7	Less than 0.1%	Carc. 1A Muta. 2 STOT RE 1 STOT SE 3
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, me	64742-88-7	Less than 0.1%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 STOT RE 1 STOT SE
Calcium propionate	4075-81-4	Less than 0.1%	Eye Corr. 1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Less than 0.1%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2A Flam. Liq. 2 Repr.
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alp	68954-84-7	Less than 0.1%	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2A

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

After inhalation

Remove exposed individual to fresh air and assist breathing if necessary. Seek medical attention.

After skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing, wash area immediately with soap and water. See physician if irritation persists.

After eye contact

Flush eyes with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth out immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. DO NOT induce vomiting. Contact physician or poison control center immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol Foam, CO2, Dry Chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) because product (even residue) may ignite explosively. Liquid and vapor states of this substance are dangerous fire hazards and moderate explosion hazards when exposed to heat or flame.

** Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

Oxidation may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined space without helmet, face shield, bunker coat, gloves, rubber boots and a positive pressure NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. A water stream can scatter flames. A spray of water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

Use the National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2 Environmental precautions

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stay upwind and away from spill or leak unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Stop and/or contain discharge if it may be done safely. Keep all sources of ignition away. Ventilate area of spill. Use non-sparking tools for clean up. Cover with inert material to reduce fumes. Keep out of drains, sewer or waterways.

If large spill occurs, alert spill response teams. Contact fire authorities. Notify local health and pollution control agencies.

** Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

6.4 Reference to other sections

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Bond and ground metal containers when transferring liquid. Avoid free fall of liquid in excess of a few inches. Personnel should avoid inhalation of vapors. Personal contact with the product should be avoided. Should contact be made, remove saturated clothing and flush affected skin areas with water. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed.

** Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep product containers cool, dry and away from sources of ignition. Use and store this product with adequate ventilation. DO NOT SMOKE in or near storage areas.

7.3 Incompatibilities/Specific end uses(s)

Incompatibilities

Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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8.1 Control parameters

Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)

OSHA PEL	100 ppm
OSHA PEL	435 mg/m3
ACGIH TLV	20 ppm
NIOSH	435 mg/m3
NIOSH	100 ppm
QUEBEC	20 ppm
ONTARIO	20 ppm
BRITISH COLUMBIA	20 ppm

Iron oxide (Fe2O3)(1309-37-1)

BRITISH COLUMBIA	10 mg/m3
BRITISH COLUMBIA	3 mg/m3
BRITISH COLUMBIA	5 mg/m3
ONTARIO	5 mg/m3
QUEBEC	5 mg/m3
NIOSH	5 mg/m3
ACGIH TLV	5 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	10 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	15 mg/m3

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)(1330-20-7)

OSHA PEL	100 ppm
ACGIH TLV	20 ppm
OSHA PEL	435 mg/m3
QUEBEC	100 ppm
QUEBEC	434 mg/m3
ONTARIO	100 ppm

Carbon black(1333-86-4)

ONTARIO	3 mg/m3
QUEBEC	3 mg/m3
BRITISH COLUMBIA	3 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	3.5 mg/m3
NIOSH	3.5 mg/m3
NIOSH	0.1 mg/m3
ACGIH TLV	3 mg/m3

Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)(14807-96-6)

ACGIH TLV	2 mg/m3
NIOSH	2 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	20 mppcf
BRITISH COLUMBIA	2 mg/m3
QUEBEC	2 mg/m3
ONTARIO	2 mg/m3

Quartz(14808-60-7)

ONTARIO	0.10 mg/m3
BRITISH COLUMBIA	0.025 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	50 µg/m3
NIOSH	0.05 mg/m3
ACGIH TLV	0.025 mg/m3

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme)(34590-94-8)

ACGIH TLV	50 ppm
NIOSH	100 ppm
NIOSH	600 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	600 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	100 ppm

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ONTARIO	100 ppm
QUEBEC	606 mg/m3
QUEBEC	100 ppm

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1(471-34-1))

QUEBEC	10 mg/m3
NIOSH	5 mg/m3
NIOSH	10 mg/m3

Carbonic acid, magnesium salt(546-93-0)

NIOSH	10 mg/m3
NIOSH	5 mg/m3
QUEBEC	10 mg/m3
BRITISH COLUMBIA	3 mg/m3
BRITISH COLUMBIA	10 mg/m3

Barium sulfate(7727-43-7)

BRITISH COLUMBIA	5 mg/m3
QUEBEC	5 mg/m3
ONTARIO	5 mg/m3
NIOSH	10 mg/m3
NIOSH	5 mg/m3
ACGIH TLV	5 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3
OSHA PEL	15 mg/m3

8.2 Engineering Controls/Exposure Controls

Engineering controls	Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapors.
Environmental exposure controls	Use local exhaust as required to control vapor concentrations.

8.3 Protective Measures

Eye/face protection	Wear splash proof goggles and face shield if there is a likelihood of contact with eyes.
Hand protection	Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Wear resistant gloves such as natural rubber, neoprene, buna N or nitrile.
Other Skin protection	An apron should be worn to avoid skin contact.
Other protection	
Respiratory protection	If exposure exceeds TLV or PELs, use NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure.
General hygiene consideration	Wash hands thoroughly before eating or using the restroom. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and do not wear again until it has been properly laundered.

Thermal hazards

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Autoignition Temp	0.00 °C	Coating VOC Lbs/Gal	1.72
Coating VOC grams/liter	205.65	Densities	8.9138
Density	0	Flash Points	65.00 °C
Lbs HAPs / Gallon	0.01	Material VOC Lbs/Gal	1.72
Material VOC grams/liter	205.65	Physical State	LIQUID
Solids Vol%	73.83	Specific Gravity	1.0688
State of Matter	Liquid	Upper/lower flammability range	0 - 0 vol %
Weight of VOC	171.62		

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalines, strong mineral acids.

high heat, sparks, flames, static discharge.

** Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored an/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalines, strong mineral acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Oxidation may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Skin contact

Skin contact can cause redness, dryness or rash. Prolonged contact can cause irritation, dry skin, cracks, and dermatitis.

Eye contact

Can cause irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.

Inhalation

Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation. High vapor concentrations or prolonged breathing of lower concentrations may result in damage to the liver, kidneys, lungs and blood forming organs. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

Can cause vomiting, nausea, diarrhea, and gastrointestinal irritation.

Symptoms related to characteristicstics

Acute effects

Chronic effects

Numerical measures of Toxicity

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

LC50 Inhalation RAT	= 17.4 mg/L	OECD_SIDS
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	= 15400 mg/kg	JAPAN_GHS
LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 3500 mg/kg	JAPAN_GHS

Carbendazim (10605-21-7)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 5050 mg/kg no deaths occurred	CHEMVIEW
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 10000 mg/kg test substance admin	NLM_HSDB

Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 10000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	ECHA
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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 3500 mg/kg	JAPAN_GHS
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 4350 mg/kg	JAPAN_GHS
LC50 Inhalation RAT	= 29.08 mg/L	JAPAN_GHS

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 4.6 mg/m3 no deaths occurred	ECHA_API
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 2000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	ECHA_API
LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 10000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	ECHA

Calcium 2-ethylhexanoate (136-51-6)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	300 - 2000 mg/kg	ECHA_API
LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 4.8 mg/L no deaths occurred	CHEMVIEW

Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobal (136-52-7)

LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 10 mg/L cobalt octoate 12% prepar	CHEMVIEW
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 5000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	CHEMVIEW
LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 3129 mg/kg	ECHA_API

Chlorothalonil (1897-45-6)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 5000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	ECHA
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 10 g/kg	NLM_CIP
LC50 Inhalation RAT	= 0.1 mg/L	JAPAN_GHS

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme (34590-94-8)

LD50 Dermal RABBIT	= 9500 mg/kg	NLM_CIP
LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 5.35 g/kg	NLM_HSDB

Calcium propionate (4075-81-4)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 3920 mg/kg	NLM_CIP
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	= 500 mg/kg	IUCLID
LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 19.7 mg/L death occurred (1 out of	ECHA

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1 (471-34-1)

LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 3 mg/L no deaths occurred	ECHA_API
LD50 Dermal RAT	> 2000 mg/kg	ECHA_API
LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 6450 mg/kg	NLM_CIP

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3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbama (55406-53-6)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 1470 mg/kg in corn oil	EPA_HP
LD50 Dermal RAT	> 2000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	EU_CLH
LC50 Inhalation RAT	= 0.23 mg/L	EU_CLH

Hydrocarbon waxes, petroleum, (64742-42-3)

LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 3600 mg/kg	NLM_CIP
LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 5000 mg/kg in arachis oil; no death	CHEMVIEW

Petroleum distillates, hydrotr (64742-47-8)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 5000 mg/kg	IUCLID
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 2000 mg/kg	NLM_CIP
LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 5.2 mg/L	IUCLID

Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreat (64742-48-9)

LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 8500 mg/m ³	EPA_HP
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 5000 mg/kg	ECHA_API
LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 6000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	EPA_HP

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, me (64742-88-7)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 25 mL/kg	OECD_SIDS
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	> 4000 mg/kg	ECHA_API
LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 5.28 mg/L no deaths occurred	ECHA_API

Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, rea (68611-44-9)

LC50 Inhalation RAT	= 0.45 mg/L	CHEMVIEW
LD50 Ingestion RAT	> 5000 mg/kg no deaths occurred	CHEMVIEW

Barium sulfate (7727-43-7)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 307000 mg/kg	NLM_HSDB
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2-Butanone, oxime (96-29-7)

LD50 Ingestion RAT	= 930 mg/kg	NLM_CIP
LC50 Inhalation RAT	> 4.83 mg/L no deaths occurred	EU_CLH
LD50 Dermal RABBIT	1000 - 1800 mg/kg	OECD_SIDS

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization

Carcinogenicity

The following chemicals comprise 0.1% or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing).

Germ cell mutagenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

EC50	1.8 - 2.4 m (48 h;DAPHNIAMAGNA;(daphnia magna))	IUCLID
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Chlorothalonil (1897-45-6)

EC50	0.0342 - 0. (48 h;DAPHNIAMAGNA;(daphnia magna))	EPA
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Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme (34590-94-8)

LC50	= 1919 mg/L (48 h;DAPHNIAMAGNA;(daphnia magna))	IUCLID
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Calcium propionate (4075-81-4)

EC50	> 500 mg/L (48 h;DAPHNIAMAGNA;(daphnia magna))	IUCLID
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Solvent naphtha, petroleum, me (64742-88-7)

EC50	> 100 mg/L (48 h;DAPHNIAMAGNA;(daphnia magna))	IUCLID
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2-Butanone, oxime (96-29-7)

EC50	= 750 mg/L (48 h;DAPHNIAMAGNA;(daphnia magna))	IUCLID
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12.2 Persistence and degradability

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6 Other adverse effects

12.7 Additional Information

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Handling for disposal

Methods of disposal

Do not flush to sewer, watershed or waterway. Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations. See Section 8 for information on exposure control and necessary personal protective equipment.

Contaminated packaging

** Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored an/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

14.1 UN number

14.2 UN proper shipping name

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpo112 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

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15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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SARA313

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 1330-20-7 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers))
- 1897-45-6 (Chlorothalonil)

Inventory - United States - Section 8(b) Inventory (TSCA)

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 10605-21-7 (Carbendazim)
- 12713-03-0 (Umber)
- 1309-37-1 (Iron oxide (Fe₂O₃))
- 1317-63-1 (Limonite)
- 1330-20-7 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers))
- 1333-86-4 (Carbon black)
- 136-51-6 (Calcium 2-ethylhexanoate)
- 136-52-7 (Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobal)
- 14807-96-6 (Talc (Mg₃H₂(SiO₃)₄))
- 14808-60-7 (Quartz)
- 1897-45-6 (Chlorothalonil)
- 34590-94-8 (Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme)
- 4075-81-4 (Calcium propionate)
- 471-34-1 (Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1)
- 51274-00-1 (C.I. Pigment Yellow 42)
- 546-93-0 (Carbonic acid, magnesium salt)
- 55406-53-6 (3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbama)
- 64742-42-3 (Hydrocarbon waxes, petroleum,)
- 64742-47-8 (Petroleum distillates, hydrotr)
- 64742-48-9 (Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreat)
- 64742-88-7 (Solvent naphtha, petroleum, me)
- 68611-44-9 (Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, rea)
- 68954-84-7 (Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alp)
- 7727-43-7 (Barium sulfat)
- 96-29-7 (2-Butanone, oxime)

CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 1330-20-7 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers))
- 136-52-7 (Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobal)

US - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

- 55406-53-6 (3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbama)

VHAPS

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 1330-20-7 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers))

VOC

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 1330-20-7 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers))
- 34590-94-8 (Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme)
- 64742-47-8 (Petroleum distillates, hydrotr)
- 64742-48-9 (Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreat)
- 64742-88-7 (Solvent naphtha, petroleum, me)
- 96-29-7 (2-Butanone, oxime)

US - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 1333-86-4 (Carbon black)
- 1897-45-6 (Chlorothalonil)

Canada - Domestic Substance List (DSL)

- 100-41-4 (Ethylbenzene)
- 10605-21-7 (Carbendazim)

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- 12713-03-0 (Umber)
- 1309-37-1 (Iron oxide (Fe2O3))
- 1317-63-1 (Limonite)
- 1330-20-7 (Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers))
- 1333-86-4 (Carbon black)
- 136-51-6 (Calcium 2-ethylhexanoate)
- 136-52-7 (Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobal)
- 14807-96-6 (Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4))
- 14808-60-7 (Quartz)
- 1897-45-6 (Chlorothalonil)
- 34590-94-8 (Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxyme)
- 4075-81-4 (Calcium propionate)
- 471-34-1 (Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1)
- 51274-00-1 (C.I. Pigment Yellow 42)
- 546-93-0 (Carbonic acid, magnesium salt)
- 55406-53-6 (3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbama)
- 64742-42-3 (Hydrocarbon waxes, petroleum,)
- 64742-47-8 (Petroleum distillates, hydrotr)
- 64742-48-9 (Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreat)
- 64742-88-7 (Solvent naphtha, petroleum, me)
- 68611-44-9 (Silane, dichlorodimethyl-, rea)
- 68954-84-7 (Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alp)
- 7727-43-7 (Barium sulfate)
- 96-29-7 (2-Butanone, oxime)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

HEALTH	<input type="checkbox"/>
FLAMMABILITY	<input type="checkbox"/>
PHYSICAL HAZARD	<input type="checkbox"/>
PERSONAL PROTECTION	<input type="checkbox"/>

SECTION 16: Other information

N/A